

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA**

| | | |
|---------------------------|---|----------------------|
| UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, |) | |
| |) | |
| Plaintiff, |) | |
| |) | |
| v. |) | Case No. CR-25-012-D |
| |) | |
| DEAQUAN VALENTAE ROOF, |) | |
| |) | |
| Defendant. |) | |

PRELIMINARY ORDER OF FORFEITURE

Before the Court is the Government’s Motion for a Preliminary Order of Forfeiture.

[Doc. No. 43]. Upon consideration, the Court finds:

As a result of Defendant's guilty plea entered on April 11, 2025, to a one-count Indictment [Doc. No. 1], filed January 21, 2025, for which the Government sought forfeiture, Defendant Deaquan Valentae Roof shall forfeit to the United States any firearms and ammunition involved in the commission of the offense, including, but not limited to, the following:

- a. a Taurus, model Spectrum, .380 Auto caliber pistol, bearing serial number 1F073578; and
- b. any and all ammunition and magazines not otherwise specified.

The Court has determined, based on Defendant’s plea, that the aforementioned specific property (hereinafter the “Subject Property”) is subject to forfeiture pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 924(d), and 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c), and that the Government has established the

requisite nexus between the Subject Property and the offense to which Defendant pled guilty.

The entry of this Preliminary Order of Forfeiture authorizes the United States Attorney General (or a designee) to seize the Subject Property or to take any actions allowed under Fed. R. Crim. P. 32.2(b)(3). The entry of this Preliminary Order of Forfeiture also authorizes the United States to commence any applicable proceedings to comply with 21 U.S.C. § 853(n) governing third-party rights, including giving notice of this Order.

The Government shall publish on the United States' official Internet website, www.forfeiture.gov, in accordance with Rule G(4) of the Supplemental Rules for Admiralty or Maritime Claims and Asset Forfeiture Actions, a copy of this Order and notice of the intent of the United States to dispose of the property in such a manner as the Attorney General may direct. The Government may also, to the extent practicable, provide written notice to any person known to have an alleged interest in the Subject Property, pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 853(n)(1).

The Government's notice must comply with Fed. R. Crim. P. 32.2(b)(6). Because the Court orders the forfeiture of specific property, the United States must publish notice of this Order and send notice to any person who reasonably appears to be a potential claimant with standing to contest the forfeiture in the ancillary proceeding.

Any person, other than Defendant, asserting a legal interest in the Subject Property may, within thirty (30) days of the final publication of notice or receipt of notice under 21

U.S.C. § 853(n)(1), whichever is earlier, petition the Court for a hearing without a jury to adjudicate the validity of his or her alleged interest in the Subject Property, and for an amendment of the order of forfeiture, pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 853(n)(2)–(6).

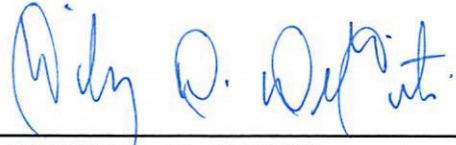
Pursuant to Fed. R. Crim. P. 32.2(b)(4), this Preliminary Order of Forfeiture shall become final as to Defendant at sentencing—or before sentencing if he consents—and the Court must include the forfeiture when orally announcing the sentence or must otherwise ensure that Defendant knows of the forfeiture at sentencing. The Court must also include the forfeiture Order, directly or by reference, in the judgment. If no third-party files a timely claim, this Order shall become the Final Order of Forfeiture, as provided by Fed. R. Crim. P. 32.2(c)(2).

Any petition filed by a third party asserting an interest in the Subject Property shall be signed by the petitioner under penalty of perjury and shall set forth the nature and extent of the petitioner's right, title, or interest in the Subject Property, the time and circumstances of the petitioner's acquisition of the right, title, or interest in the Subject Property, and any additional facts supporting the petitioner's claim and the relief sought, pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 853(n)(3).

The United States shall have clear title to the Subject Property following the Court's disposition of all third-party interests, or, if none are asserted, following the expiration of the period provided in 21 U.S.C. § 853(n), for the filing of third-party petitions, pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 853(n)(7).

The Court shall retain jurisdiction to enforce and amend this Order as necessary pursuant to Fed. R. Crim. P. 32.2(e).

IT IS SO ORDERED this 23rd day of July, 2025.



TIMOTHY D. DeGIUSTI
Chief United States District Judge